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## SIGN CHANGING SOLUTIONS OF p-FRACTIONAL EQUATIONS WITH CONCAVE-CONVEX NONLINEARITIES

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ABSTRACT. We study the existence of sign changing solutions to the following p-fractional problem with concave-critical nonlinearities:

$$\begin{split} (-\Delta)_p^s u &= \mu |u|^{q-1} u + |u|^{p_s^*-2} u & \text{ in } \Omega, \\ u &= 0 & \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^N \setminus \Omega, \end{split}$$

where  $s \in (0,1)$  and  $p \geq 2$  are fixed parameters, 0 < q < p-1,  $\mu \in \mathbb{R}^+$  and  $p_s^* = Np/(N-ps)$ .  $\Omega$  is an open, bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^N$  with smooth boundary, N > ps.

## 1. Introduction

Let us consider the following fractional p-Laplace equation with concavecritical nonlinearities:

$$(\mathcal{P}_{\mu}) \qquad \begin{cases} (-\Delta)_{p}^{s} u = \mu |u|^{q-1} u + |u|^{p_{s}^{*}-2} u & \text{in } \Omega, \\ u = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^{N} \setminus \Omega, \end{cases}$$

where  $s \in (0,1), p > 1$  are fixed, N > ps,  $\Omega$  is an open, bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^N$  with smooth boundary,  $0 < q < p - 1, p_s^* = Np/(N - ps)$  and  $\mu \in \mathbb{R}^+$ . The

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